

## Part I

## Answer all questions in this part.

*Directions* (1–50): For each statement or question, record on your separate answer sheet the *number* of the word or expression that, of those given, best completes the statement or answers the question.

- 1 During the colonial period, goods were most commonly transported on
- (1) rivers (3) railroads  
(2) canals (4) turnpikes
- X Which protection in the Bill of Rights is most directly related to the 1735 trial of John Peter Zenger?
- (1) freedom of the press  
(2) right to bear arms  
(3) ban on unreasonable searches  
(4) freedom from double jeopardy
- X In the publication *Common Sense*, Thomas Paine argued that
- (1) foreign nations would reject an independent American government  
(2) the British government would be impossible to overthrow  
(3) America was dependent on British trade and protection  
(4) the American colonies should break away from England
- 4 Shays' Rebellion (1786) became a concern for many national leaders because it
- (1) indicated there would be future conflicts over the spread of slavery  
(2) exposed fundamental weaknesses in government under the Articles of Confederation  
(3) pointed to the need for federal government regulation of interstate commerce  
(4) showed that frontier settlements were vulnerable to raids by Native American Indians
- X The establishment of the president's cabinet as part of the United States government was the result of a
- (1) law passed by Congress  
(2) constitutional amendment  
(3) precedent started by George Washington  
(4) ruling of the United States Supreme Court
- X Which action is an example of judicial review?
- (1) Congress increased the number of justices on the Supreme Court.  
(2) The Supreme Court declared part of the Judiciary Act of 1789 unconstitutional.  
(3) The Supreme Court heard a case involving a United States ambassador.  
(4) The Chief Justice presided over the impeachment trial of President Andrew Johnson.
- X The right of habeas corpus establishes the principle that
- (1) people accused of a crime have a right to a lawyer  
(2) all punishments for crimes should be reasonable  
(3) a person should not be forced to be a witness against himself  
(4) no person should be held in custody unless charged with a crime
- X Alexander Hamilton's proposal to create a national bank and Thomas Jefferson's proposal to purchase the Louisiana Territory were criticized because both actions would
- (1) place too much power in the hands of Congress  
(2) violate protections in the Bill of Rights  
(3) increase foreign influence in the United States  
(4) require a loose interpretation of the Constitution
- 9 The main purpose of the Monroe Doctrine (1823) was to
- (1) stake a claim to Mexican territory  
(2) limit European influence in the Americas  
(3) force the British out of the Oregon Territory  
(4) establish full control over Canada

10 Which Supreme Court decision is most closely associated with the Trail of Tears?

- (1) *McCulloch v. Maryland* (1819)
- (2) *Gibbons v. Ogden* (1824)
- (3) *Worcester v. Georgia* (1832)
- (4) *Dred Scott v. Sanford* (1857)

11 "Missouri Compromise Allows Two New States Into the Union"

"Congress Agrees to Compromise of 1850"

"Popular Sovereignty Adopted Under Kansas-Nebraska Act"

Which issue is reflected in these headlines?

- (1) status of slavery in the territories and states
- (2) growth of agriculture on the Great Plains
- (3) clash of federal and state powers
- (4) conflicts with foreign nations over the West

12 What was a major result of the Civil War?

- (1) The judiciary became the dominant branch of the federal government.
- (2) Congress passed an amendment to provide for the direct election of senators.
- (3) The power of the central government was strengthened.
- (4) States were given the right to secede from the Union.

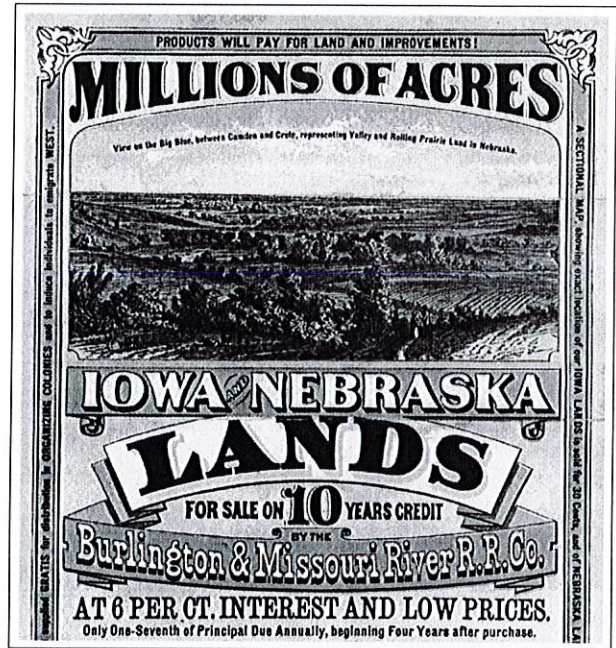
13 What was a result of the disputed presidential election of 1876?

- (1) Reconstruction ended as federal troops were removed from the South.
- (2) Slavery was reestablished in the South by state legislatures.
- (3) New state laws were passed in the South to guarantee equal rights for African Americans.
- (4) A constitutional amendment was adopted to correct problems with the electoral college system.

14 During the late 1800s, the idea of Social Darwinism was used to explain the

- (1) development of the Granger movement
- (2) need for settlement homes
- (3) creation of a national parks system
- (4) success or failure of businesses

Base your answers to questions 15 and 16 on the poster below and on your knowledge of social studies.



Source: Library of Congress (adapted)

15 How was this land offer different from the land offer in the Homestead Act (1862)?

- (1) Purchasers had to be citizens.
- (2) People had to pay for this land.
- (3) Buyers needed farming experience.
- (4) This land was on the Atlantic Coast.

16 The federal government supported the land offer made in this advertisement by

- (1) encouraging exploration for gold and silver
- (2) creating a sharecropping system after the Civil War
- (3) protecting the hunting grounds of Native American Indians
- (4) giving public land to railroad companies to help finance railroad construction

17 The Supreme Court decision in the case of *Plessy v. Ferguson* (1896) affected civil rights in the United States by

- (1) ruling that segregated public schools were unconstitutional
- (2) rejecting the legal basis of Jim Crow laws
- (3) approving racial segregation in public facilities
- (4) strengthening the protections of the 14th amendment

X One reason the American Federation of Labor (AFL) was successful was that this organization

- (1) focused on the needs of skilled workers
- (2) rejected the use of strikes and boycotts
- (3) ended the use of blacklists by employers
- (4) called for government ownership of industry

19 Which statement best expresses a common belief among nativists in the late 1800s and early 1900s?

- (1) "Give me your tired, your poor, your huddled masses."
- (2) "The streets are paved with gold."
- (3) "All immigrants strengthen America."
- (4) "America is for Americans."

20 In the 1890s, the main goal of those who supported United States imperialism was to

- (1) bring self-government to areas under United States control
- (2) obtain overseas markets and naval bases
- (3) defend against attacks by enemy nations
- (4) spread democracy to Africa and Latin America

X Which argument was used by Progressive Era reformers to support the use of a graduated income tax?

- (1) Imports should be taxed to make foreign goods more expensive than domestic goods.
- (2) Taxes on corporations should be reduced so jobs can be created.
- (3) People who earn more money should pay taxes at higher rates.
- (4) All citizens should be taxed at the same rate to treat all people equally.

22 The formation of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP) and the Anti-Defamation League (ADL) was primarily a response to

- (1) racism and prejudice
- (2) nationalism and patriotism
- (3) abolition and temperance
- (4) militarism and colonialism

Base your answers to questions 23 and 24 on the passage below and on your knowledge of social studies.

We intend to begin on the first of February unrestricted submarine warfare. We shall endeavor in spite of this to keep the United States of America neutral. In the event of this not succeeding, we make Mexico a proposal of alliance on the following basis: make war together, make peace together, generous financial support and an understanding on our part that Mexico is to reconquer the lost territory in Texas, New Mexico, and Arizona. The settlement in detail is left to you. . . .

— Telegram of January 19, 1917

23 This telegram was part of an effort to

- (1) form an alliance between Germany and the United States
- (2) convince several western states to secede from the United States
- (3) bring Mexico into World War I on the side of Great Britain and France
- (4) enlist Mexican support for Germany if the United States declared war

24 Publication of this telegram in United States newspapers helped to

- (1) reelect Woodrow Wilson as president
- (2) convince the American public to support entrance into World War I
- (3) encourage Congress to pass neutrality legislation
- (4) grant statehood to Arizona and New Mexico

- 25 Henry Cabot Lodge and other senators opposed ratification of the Treaty of Versailles (1919) because they believed the treaty
- (1) failed to punish Germany for its involvement in World War I
  - (2) excluded reparations for European allies
  - (3) could draw the United States into future conflicts
  - (4) placed blame for World War I on all the warring countries
- 26 What was the primary reason many African Americans migrated to the North both during and after World War I?
- (1) More economic opportunities existed in the North.
  - (2) Few chances to gain political office were available in the South.
  - (3) Racism and discrimination had been eliminated in the North.
  - (4) Southern cities were overcrowded.
- 27 The Harlem Renaissance of the 1920s most enhanced American culture by
- (1) pressuring southern states to extend voting rights
  - (2) expanding African American access to education
  - (3) popularizing African American contributions to the arts
  - (4) convincing the Supreme Court to allow affirmative action
- 28 The repeal of national Prohibition in 1933 showed that
- (1) alcohol consumption was not socially acceptable
  - (2) the government should lower the drinking age
  - (3) crime rates had fallen to record low levels
  - (4) unpopular laws are difficult to enforce

Base your answers to questions 29 and 30 on the photograph below and on your knowledge of social studies.



Source: *Dust Storm*, Franklin D. Roosevelt Presidential Library and Museum

- 29 During the 1930s, the conditions shown in this photograph occurred mainly
- (1) on the Atlantic Coast
  - (2) on the Great Plains
  - (3) in the Rocky Mountains
  - (4) in the Pacific Northwest
- 30 Many farmers in the region affected by the conditions shown in this photograph reacted by
- (1) migrating to California
  - (2) accepting aid from the Tennessee Valley Authority
  - (3) investing in better farm equipment
  - (4) marching on Washington, D.C.
- 
- 31 The Fair Labor Standards Act, passed in 1938, helped American workers by
- (1) banning the closed shop
  - (2) creating universal health insurance
  - (3) establishing a federal minimum wage
  - (4) ending the outsourcing of American jobs

Base your answers to questions 32 and 33 on the cartoon below and on your knowledge of social studies.

**The Only Way We Can Save Her**



Source: Carey Orr, *Chicago Tribune*, 1939 (adapted)

- 32 What is the main idea of this 1939 political cartoon?
- (1) Great Britain and France do not want the United States to enter World War II.
  - (2) The United States should remain isolated from the war in Europe to preserve democracy.
  - (3) The survival of democracy requires that the United States enter the war.
  - (4) The United States believes there is no real threat to democracy.
- 33 Which action is most consistent with the viewpoint expressed by this cartoonist?
- (1) passing the Neutrality Acts
  - (2) negotiating the Destroyers for Naval Bases deal
  - (3) joining the League of Nations
  - (4) signing the Atlantic Charter

- 34 Consumer rationing was used during World War II as a way to
- (1) increase exploration for natural resources
  - (2) limit supplies of weapons to American allies
  - (3) draft men into the armed forces
  - (4) ensure that the military had essential materials
- 35 The principal goal of the United Nations has been to
- (1) develop military alliances around the world
  - (2) encourage expansion of international trade
  - (3) promote peaceful solutions to world problems
  - (4) regulate the use of atomic energy

Base your answer to question 36 on the passage below and on your knowledge of social studies.

... I do not believe that the American people and the Congress wish to turn a deaf ear to the appeal of the Greek Government...

As a result of these tragic conditions, a militant minority, exploiting human want and misery, was able to create political chaos which, until now, has made economic recovery impossible....

Meanwhile, the Greek Government is unable to cope with the situation. The Greek Army is small and poorly equipped. It needs supplies and equipment if it is to restore the authority of the Government throughout Greek territory.

Greece must have assistance if it is to become a self-supporting and self-respecting democracy....

— President Harry Truman, Address to Congress, March 12, 1947

- 36 Congress responded to the situation described in this passage by
- (1) sending combat troops to the Mediterranean region
  - (2) calling for creation of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization
  - (3) sending military and economic aid to Greece and Turkey
  - (4) supplying troops to a peacekeeping operation

37 "... And so, my fellow Americans: ask not what your country can do for you—ask what you can do for your country...."

— President John F. Kennedy, Inaugural Address, January 20, 1961

Which action by President John F. Kennedy was most consistent with the challenge included in this statement?

- (1) forming the Peace Corps
- (2) negotiating the Nuclear Test Ban Treaty
- (3) supporting the Bay of Pigs invasion
- (4) visiting the Berlin Wall

Base your answers to questions 38 and 39 on the passage below and on your knowledge of social studies.

... You express a great deal of anxiety over our willingness to break laws. This is certainly a legitimate concern. Since we so diligently urge people to obey the Supreme Court's decision of 1954 outlawing segregation in the public schools, at first glance it may seem rather paradoxical for us consciously to break laws. One may want to ask: "How can you advocate breaking some laws and obeying others?" The answer lies in the fact that there are two types of laws: just and unjust. I would be the first to advocate obeying just laws. One has not only a legal but a moral responsibility to obey just laws. Conversely, one has a moral responsibility to disobey unjust laws. I would agree with St. Augustine that "an unjust law is no law at all."...

— Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.,  
"Letter from Birmingham Jail," April 16, 1963

38 Which type of action against unjust laws is Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. supporting in this passage?

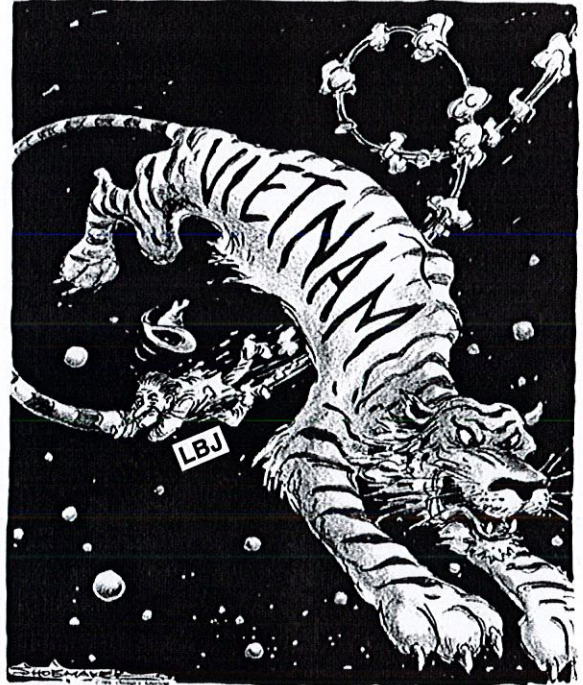
- (1) militant resistance
- (2) civil disobedience
- (3) judicial activism
- (4) affirmative action

39 Which statement most accurately summarizes the main idea of the passage?

- (1) People must obey Supreme Court decisions.
- (2) You can never break some laws while obeying others.
- (3) Violence brings faster results than peaceful protest.
- (4) Following moral principles is sometimes more important than following the law.

Base your answer to question 40 on the cartoon below and on your knowledge of social studies.

### BUT HOW TO LET GO — GRACEFULLY



Source: Vaughn Shoemaker, *Chicago American*, 1965 (adapted)

40 What is the principal message of this cartoon?

- (1) The United States is afraid of a united Vietnam.
- (2) Other nations in Southeast Asia might fall to communism.
- (3) President Lyndon B. Johnson is finding it difficult to exit Vietnam.
- (4) President Lyndon B. Johnson is worried about a communist attack on the United States.

41 A main goal of President Richard Nixon's policy of détente was to

- (1) sponsor free elections in North and South Korea
- (2) reduce tensions between the United States and the Soviet Union
- (3) negotiate an end to the Arab-Israeli conflict
- (4) build support for recognition of the Nationalist government of Taiwan

43 President Ronald Reagan asked Congress to lower tax rates on businesses and wealthy individuals in order to

- (1) encourage new economic investment
- (2) increase exports to Asia
- (3) impose limits on the money supply
- (4) preserve funds for social welfare programs

Base your answers to questions 43 and 44 on the passage below and on your knowledge of social studies.

... Keeping America competitive requires affordable energy. And here we have a serious problem: America is addicted to oil, which is often imported from unstable parts of the world. The best way to break this addiction is through technology. Since 2001, we have spent nearly \$10 billion to develop cleaner, cheaper, and more reliable alternative energy sources. And we are on the threshold of incredible advances...

— President George W. Bush,  
State of the Union Address, January 31, 2006

44 In this passage, President George W. Bush suggests Americans can overcome oil “addiction” by focusing on

- (1) conservation
- (2) education
- (3) scientific research
- (4) discovery of new oil fields

45 Which goal related to United States energy needs is addressed in this speech?

- (1) reduce dependence on the Middle East
- (2) supply all energy needs from domestic sources
- (3) decrease offshore drilling
- (4) eliminate the use of all petroleum products

46 One reason some people support raising the eligibility age for receiving Social Security benefits is that

- (1) most Americans now have access to free health care
- (2) people are living longer today
- (3) the federal government has had record budget surpluses in recent years
- (4) baby boomers will begin to retire after the year 2030

46 “House Chooses Jefferson”  
“Corrupt Bargain? Clay Sides with Adams”  
“Bush Wins Florida—Wins Election”

Which is the most accurate conclusion that can be drawn from these headlines?

- (1) Candidates who make promises they cannot keep are seldom elected.
- (2) Congress has had no role in deciding close elections in United States history.
- (3) Democratic candidates have won most disputed elections in the last 100 years.
- (4) Several controversial elections have occurred in United States history.

47 Leaders of the Progressive movement, the New Deal, and the Great Society shared the common belief that the United States government should

- (1) increase its involvement in the economy to improve people’s lives
- (2) strengthen the reserved powers of the states
- (3) provide for racial equality for all people
- (4) support laissez-faire business practices

48 The practice of yellow journalism most directly influenced the

- (1) purchase of Alaska
- (2) acquisition of the Mexican Cession
- (3) start of the Spanish-American War
- (4) end of the Russo-Japanese War

- 29
- “President Lincoln Declares Martial Law”
  - “President Roosevelt Issues Executive Order to Detain Japanese Americans”
  - “President Bush Orders Terrorist Suspects Held at Guantanamo”

These headlines best demonstrate that

- (1) the system of checks and balances equalizes the powers of governmental branches
- (2) presidential power often increases during times of crisis
- (3) presidents act forcefully during periods of economic depression
- (4) presidential decisions made to resolve national crises are rarely controversial

- 30
- Which of these events related to space exploration occurred first?
- (1) Neil Armstrong walking on the Moon
  - (2) development of the space shuttle
  - (3) John Glenn orbiting Earth
  - (4) launching of *Sputnik*